## RAPE IN THE FIRST DEGREE (Oral contact; complainant < 11) Penal Law § 130.35(2)(c) (Committed on or after Sept 1, 2024)

The (*specify*) count is Rape in the First Degree.

Under our law, a person is guilty of Rape in the First Degree when he or she engages in oral sexual contact with another person who is less than eleven (11) years old.

The following term used in that definition has a special meaning:

ORAL SEXUAL CONTACT means conduct between persons consisting of contact between the mouth and the penis, the mouth and the anus, or the mouth and the vulva or vagina.<sup>1</sup>

Under our law, it is also an element of this offense that the oral sexual contact was committed without the consent of that other person.<sup>2</sup> Oral sexual contact takes place without a person's consent when that person is deemed by law to be incapable of consent.

Under our law, a person is deemed incapable of consenting to oral sexual contact when that person is less than eleven (11) years old.<sup>3</sup> Thus, the law deems oral sexual contact with such a person to be without that person's consent, even if in fact that person did consent.

It is not a defense to this charge that the actor did not know that the person with whom the actor had oral sexual contact was less than eleven (11) years old, or that the actor believed that such

<sup>2</sup> See Penal Law § 130.05 (1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Penal Law § 130.00(2)(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Penal Law § 130.05 (3) (a).

person was eleven (11) years old or more on the date of the crime.<sup>4</sup>

In order for you to find the defendant guilty of this crime, the People are required to prove, from all of the evidence in the case, beyond a reasonable doubt, both of the following two elements:

- That on or about <u>(date)</u>, in the County of <u>(County)</u>, the defendant, <u>(name of defendant)</u>, engaged in oral sexual contact with <u>(name of complainant)</u>; and
- 2. That (<u>complainant's name</u>) was less than eleven (11) years old.

If you find the People have proven beyond a reasonable doubt both of those elements, you must find the defendant guilty of this crime.

If you find the People have not proven beyond a reasonable doubt either one or both of those elements, you must find the defendant not guilty of this crime.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Penal Law § 15.20 (3).